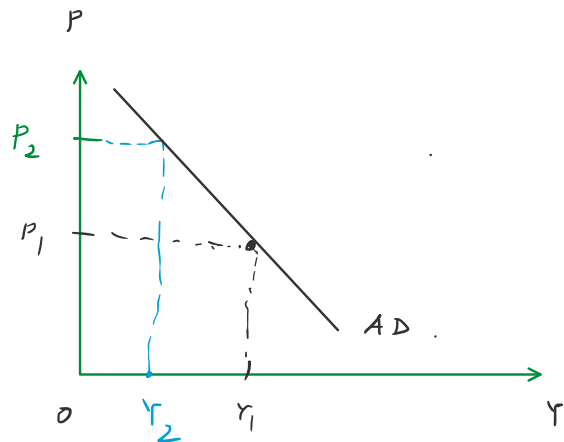
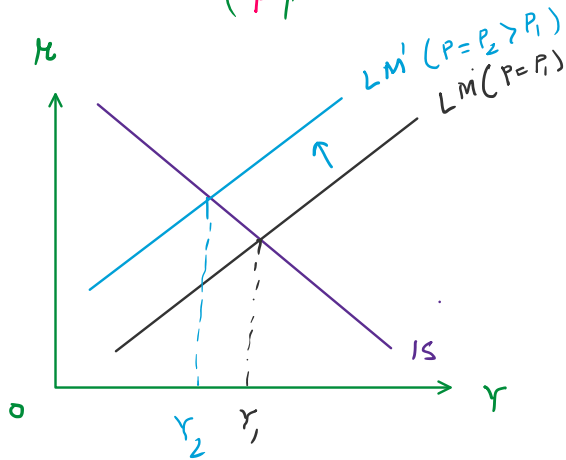


AD-AS Model

Recall: Keynesian Theory [SKM+ISLM]

$$\left. \begin{aligned} IS: Y &= C(Y) + I(r) + G \\ LM: \left(\frac{\bar{M}}{P}\right) &= L(Y, r) \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \text{construct the AD curve.}$$



AS: Agg short run prodn fn: $Y = F(L, \bar{K})$

[Optimal output (at given price) \rightarrow Optimal level of L]

Assuming a competitive setup, $Y = F(L, \bar{K})$, $F_L > 0$, $F_{LL} < 0$.

\therefore Optimal choice of Labour [through π -max]

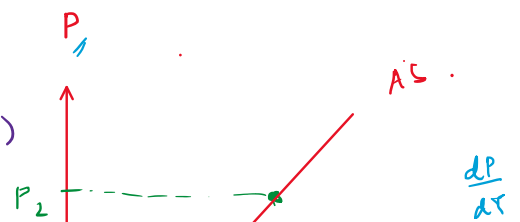
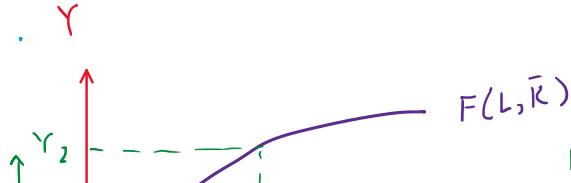
$$\pi = R - C = P \cdot Y - wL - r\bar{K}$$

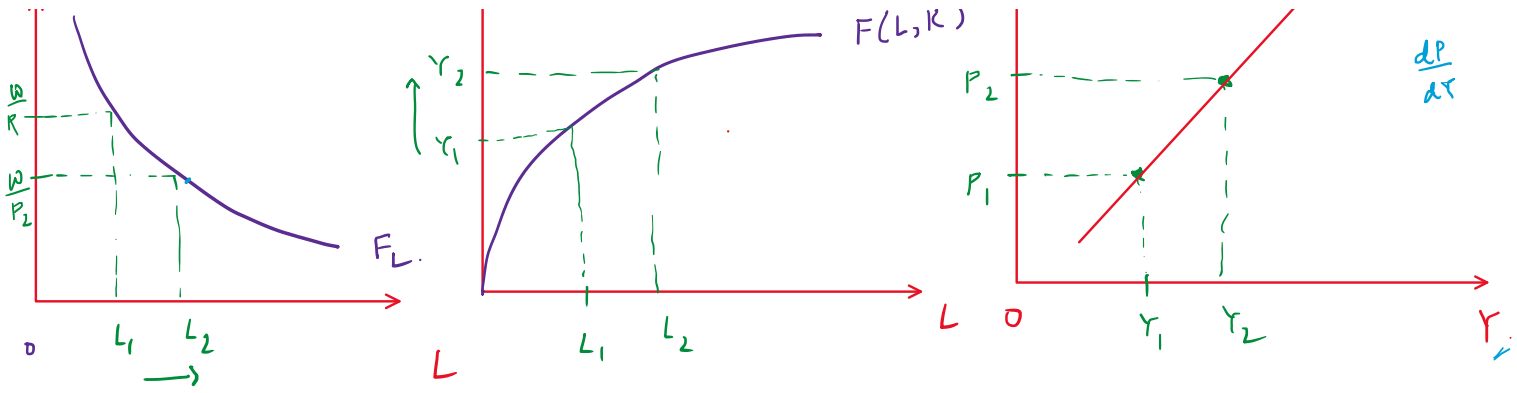
$$\pi = P \cdot F(L, \bar{K}) - wL - r\bar{K}$$

$$FOC: \frac{\partial \pi}{\partial L} = 0 \Rightarrow P \cdot \frac{\partial F}{\partial L} - w = 0 \Rightarrow P \cdot F_L - w = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{F_L = \frac{w}{P}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= f(x, y) & Y &= F(L, \bar{K}) \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} &= \phi(x, y) & \frac{\partial Y}{\partial L} &= \phi(L, \bar{K}) \end{aligned}$$





Prodn fn: $Y = F(L, \bar{K})$ ---- (i)

\therefore Optimal labour employment: $F_L = \frac{W}{P}$ ---- (ii) Find $\frac{dP}{dY}$.

Diff. (i): $dY = \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial L}\right) \cdot dL = F_L \cdot dL \Rightarrow \frac{dY}{F_L} = dL$

Diff (ii) $F_{LL} \cdot dL = -\frac{W}{P^2} \cdot dP$

Replace: $F_{LL} \left(\frac{dY}{F_L}\right) = -\frac{W}{P^2} \cdot dP$

$\therefore \frac{dP}{dY} \Big|_{AS} = \frac{\overset{<0}{F_{LL}/F_L} < 0}{-W/P^2 < 0} > 0$

$N = \text{No. of Labour units.}$
 $L = \text{No. of employed.}$
 $U = \text{No. of unemployed.}$

$\Rightarrow \text{Rate of unemployment} = \frac{U}{N} = u$
 $\Rightarrow \text{Rate of employment} = \frac{L}{N} = e$

$e + u = 1$

$e_n = 1 - u_n$

found the natural rate of unemployment (u_n)