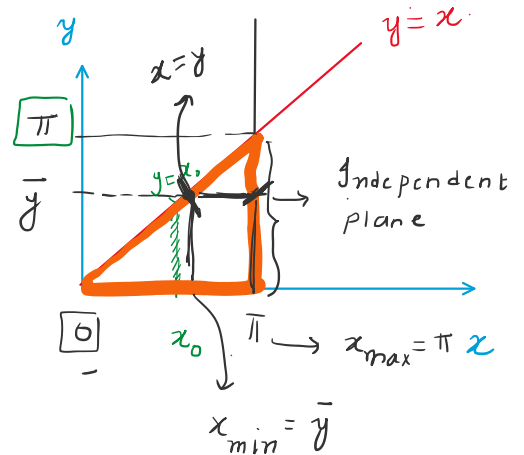


$$8. \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^x \frac{\sin y}{(\pi-y)} dy dx = ?$$

$y \in [0, x], x \in [0, \pi]$



$$\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^x f(x,y) dy dx = \int_0^{\pi} \int_{y}^{\pi} f(x,y) dx dy$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \int_y^{\pi} \frac{\sin y}{(\pi-y)} dx dy = \int_0^{\pi} \left\{ \int_y^{\pi} \frac{\sin y}{(\pi-y)} dx \right\} dy$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin y}{(\pi-y)} (\pi-y) dy$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \sin y dy = -[\cos y]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= -[-1 - 1] = 2$$

9. Evaluate: $\iint_R |xy| dx dy$, where $R = \{(x,y) \text{ s.t. } x^2 + 4y^2 \geq 1 \text{ \& } x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}$

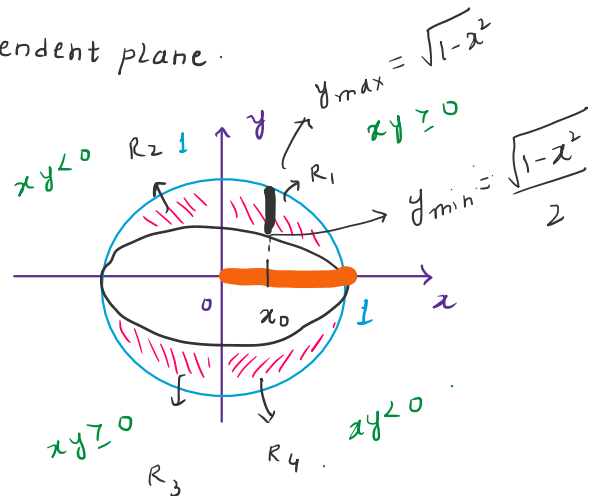
Independent plane.

Circle: $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

Ellipse: $x^2 + 4y^2 = 1$

$\hookrightarrow c(0,0)$

$x\text{-int: } 1, y\text{-int: } 1/2$



$$f(x,y) = |xy| = \begin{cases} xy, & xy \geq 0 \\ -xy, & xy < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\iint_R |xy| dx dy = \iint_{R_1} xy + \iint_{R_2} -xy + \iint_{R_3} xy + \iint_{R_4} -xy$$

$R_3 \text{ } \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ R_4

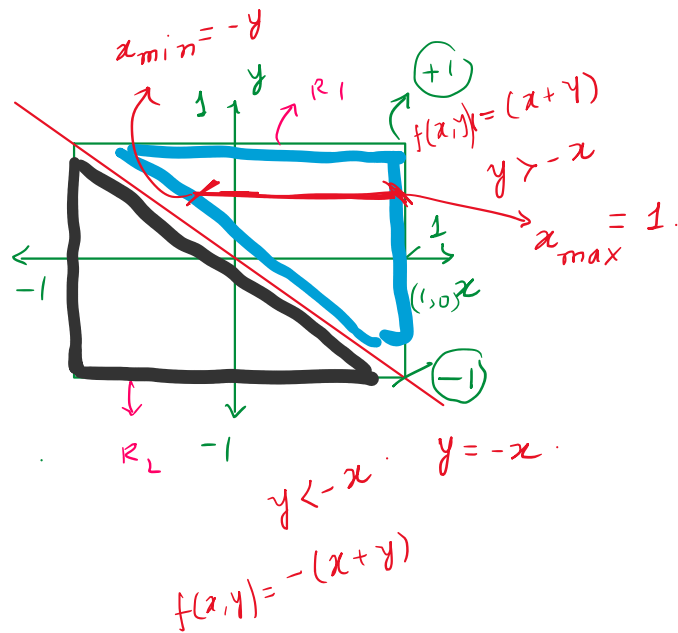
R

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 4 \int_{R_1} \int_{R_2} xy \, dx \, dy = 4 \int_0^1 \int_{\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} (xy) \, dy \, dx \\
 &= 4 \int_0^1 x \cdot \left[\frac{y^2}{2} \right]_{\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 &= 2 \int_0^1 x \left[(1-x^2) - \frac{(1-x^2)}{4} \right] dx \\
 &= 2 \int_0^1 x \left[\frac{3}{4} (1-x^2) \right] dx = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^1 (x-x^3) dx \\
 &= \frac{3}{2} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^4}{4} \right]_0^1 = \frac{3}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \right] = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

8. Evaluate: $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 |x+y| \, dx \, dy$

$$|x+y| = \begin{cases} (x+y), & x+y \geq 0 \Rightarrow y \geq -x \\ -(x+y), & x+y < 0 \Rightarrow y < -x \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 |xy| \, dx \, dy &= \int_{R_1} (x+y) + \int_{R_2} -(x+y) \\
 &= 2 \int_{R_1} (x+y) \, dx \, dy \\
 &= 2 \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-y}^1 (x+y) \, dx \, dy \quad [HW!]
 \end{aligned}$$



HW
9. $\int_0^1 \int_x^1 y^4 e^{xy^2} \, dy \, dx = ?$