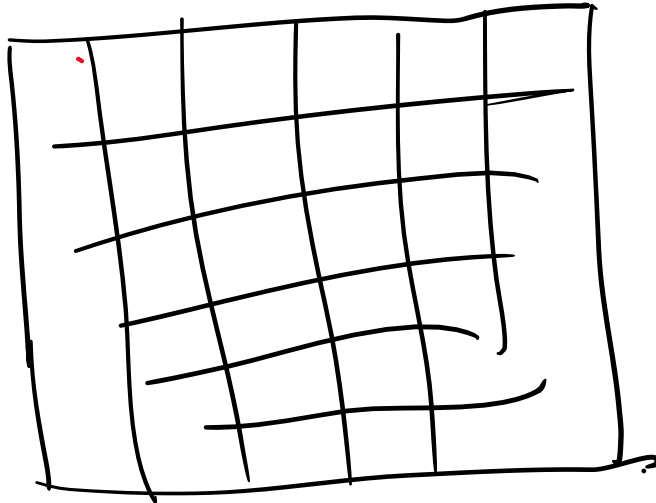


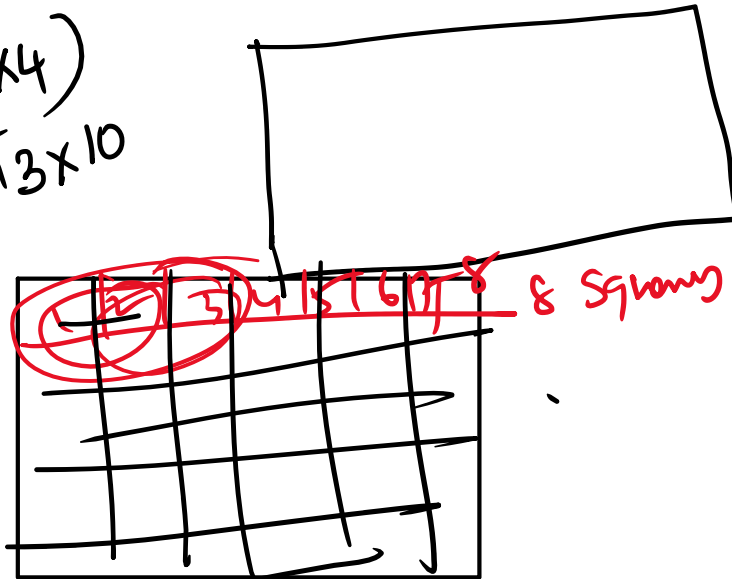
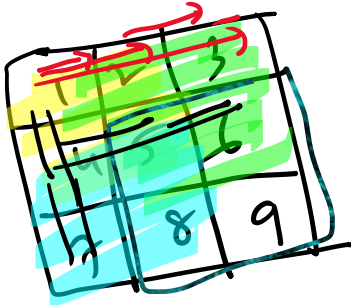
Chess Board

Putnam 8×8
 (151) (117)



$r^2 + 2r + 3$
 10×10
 $9 + 4 + 1 = 14$

(8×4)
 13×10



How to know R in R ?

8×4 $(8C2 \times 4C2)$

8×8 Squares in 8×8

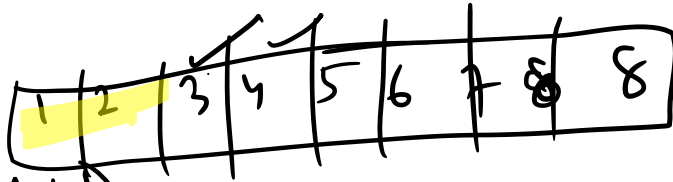
$8 \times 8 \rightarrow$ Squares $\rightarrow 1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + 8^2$
 $= \frac{8(8+1)(2 \cdot 8 + 1)}{6}$

$8C2 \times 8C2$

$\frac{8!}{2!6!} \times \frac{8!}{2!6!} = \frac{8 \times 7 \times 6!}{2 \times 6!} \times \frac{8 \times 7 \times 6!}{2 \times 6!} = 28 \times 28 = 784$

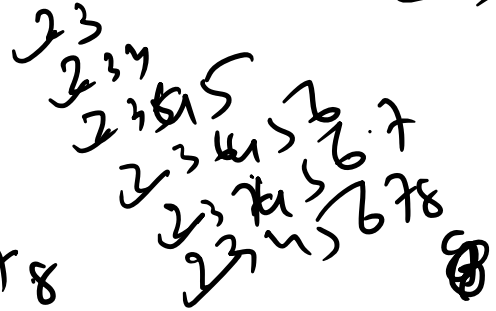
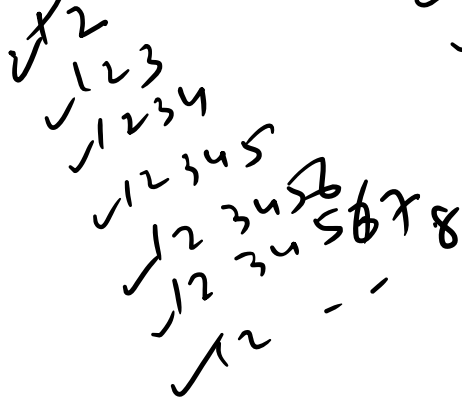
$= \frac{204}{6}$

$\rightarrow \frac{8!}{2!6!} = 28$
 $\rightarrow \frac{8!}{4!4!} = 70$
 $\rightarrow \frac{8!}{6!2!} = 28$
 $\rightarrow \frac{8!}{8!0!} = 1$



$(8 \times 1) + (7 \times 0)$

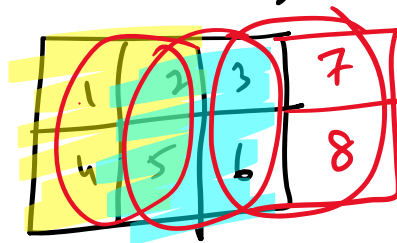
$(7 \times 6 + 5 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 1) \times 8$



How many squares in 10x7 Rectangle?

(14×4)

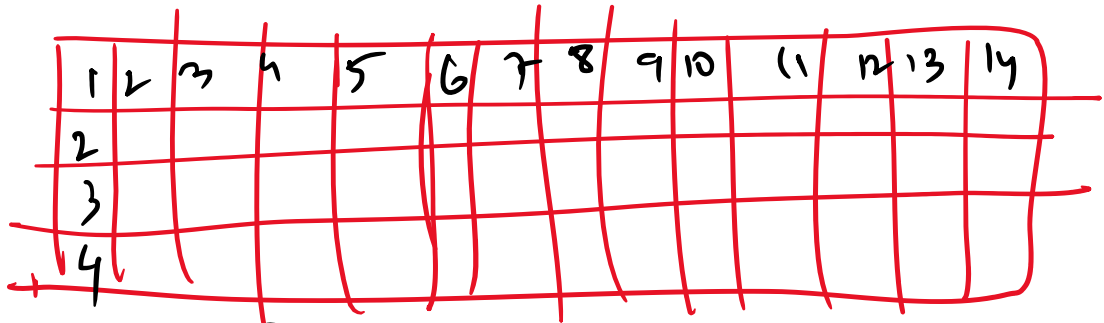
8



$(4 \times 2) + (3 \times 1)$
 11

8+

$(13 \times 3) + (12 \times 2) + (11 \times 1) + (10 \times 0)$



$52 + 39 + 26 + 11$

130

Sq in Sq

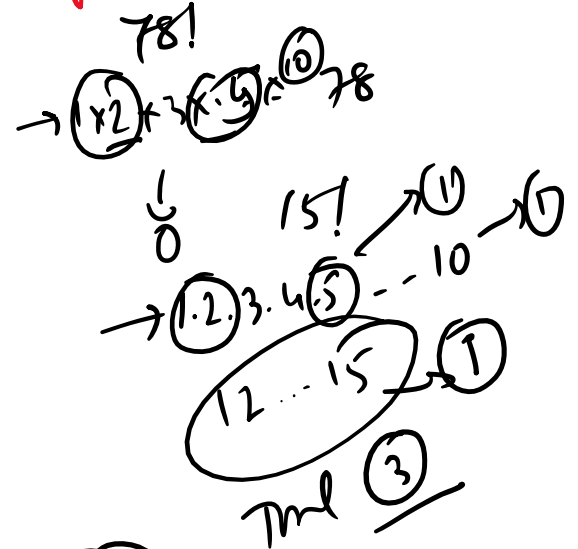
$\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$

n in $>L$
 Sq in Ret
 Ret in Ret
 Ret in Sq

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \overline{ab + (a-1)(b-1) + \dots} \\
 & \overline{a_{c2} \times b_{c2}} \quad R \neq C \\
 & (a_{c2}) \quad R = C = a
 \end{aligned}$$

$78!$ ends with how many 0's?

$\frac{78}{5} + \frac{78}{25} + \frac{78}{125}$
 $\rightarrow 15 + 3$
 $\rightarrow 18$



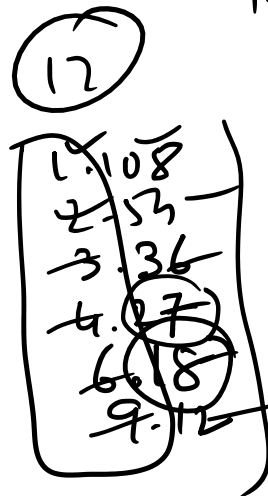
Number of Divisors

Sum of Divisors

Sum of proper divisors

Even divisors
 odd 12

108



$108 \rightarrow 9 \times 12 \rightarrow 3^2 \times 3 \times 2^2$
 $\rightarrow 3^3 \times 2^2$

1, 108
 evenly
 1 & 108

Number of divisors $(3+1) \times (2+1)$
 $4 \times 3 = 12$

1 & 158

Sum of divisors $\rightarrow 1 -$

$3 \times 5 \times 8 \times 11$
 $19 - 8 \rightarrow 11$

$2^2 \times 3^2 \times 7^2 \times 11^1$
 $2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 7^2 \cdot 11^1$

$11 \overline{) 38808}$
 $3 \overline{) 3528}$
 $7 \overline{) 1576}$
 $2 \overline{) 168}$
 $2 \overline{) 84}$
 $7 \overline{) 42}$
 $2 \overline{) 6}$
 3

$(3+1) \times (2+1) \times (2+1) \times (1+1)$
 $\rightarrow 4 \times 3 \times 3 \times 2$

$\rightarrow 12 \times 6$
 $\rightarrow 72$

all
Sum of divisors

$(2^3 + 2^2 + 2^1 + 2^0) \times (3^2 + 3^1 + 3^0)$
 $\times (7^0 + 7^1 + 7^2) \times (11^1 + 11^0)$

15 $\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 15 & 15 \\ \hline 3 & 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\rightarrow (8+4+2+1) \times (9+3+1) \times (49+7+1)$
 $\times (11+1)$

$\rightarrow 15 \times 137 \times 57 \times 12$

→ (15 X 157) 7 N L

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 13 \\ \hline 195 \end{array}$$

①

134

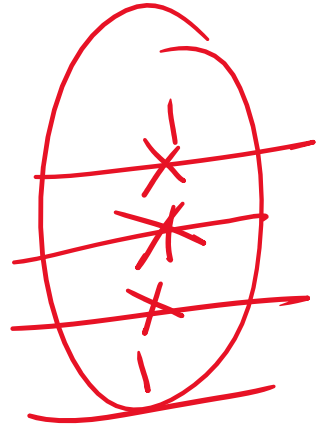
$$\begin{array}{r} 57 \\ \times 12 \\ \hline 684 \\ + 114 \\ \hline 684 \end{array}$$



X
X
X
X
X



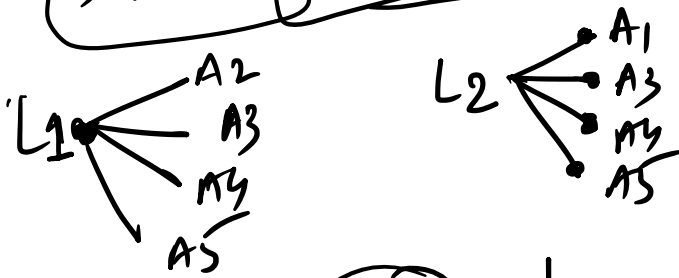
80



De-Arrangements

5 letter Addresses

L1 → A1
L2 → A2



$$D_n = n! \left(1 - \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} - \frac{1}{3!} + \dots + \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n!} \right)$$

$$D_5 = 5! \left(1 - \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} - \frac{1}{4!} + \frac{1}{5!} \right)$$

out 4 (2 letter) (2 way)

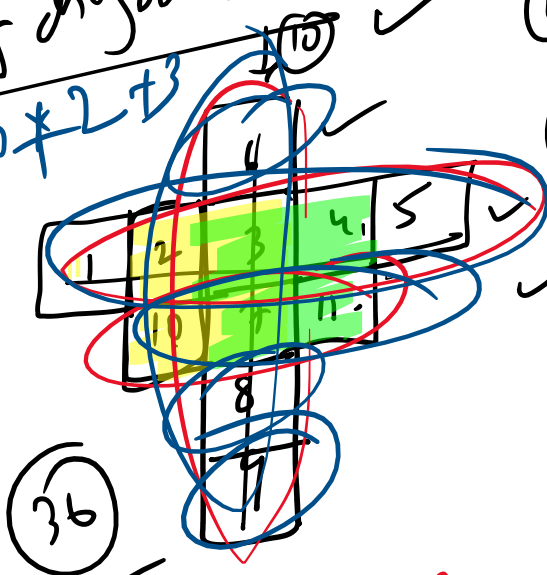
our 4 (2 words) ✓ ✓
 (D2)

2019 Find keyholes in a dumbword
 which are non-squares.
 (Let in Sq - 204)

Overlapping digram

$10 \times 2 \times 3$

(3) { 10 7
 10 7 11
 7 11
 (1) (1)



(11) ✓ $5C2 = \frac{5!}{3!2!} = \frac{5 \times 4 \times 3!}{2} = 10$
 (4) ✓
 (5) ✓
 (2) ✓
 (1) ✓

Sq (11+2) = 13
 $36 - 13 = 23$