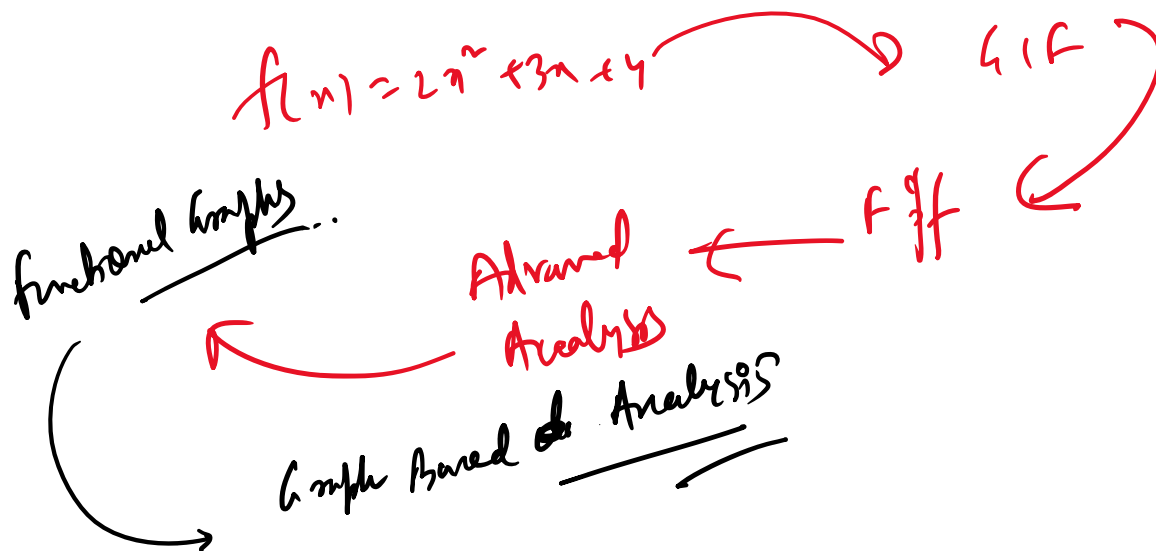


FUNCTIONS



$f(x) = 3x^2 + 7$

$f(0) = 7$

if no variable \rightarrow Constant

Short Run function

$f(x) = 3x^2 + 7x$

$f(0) = 0$

Long Run function

India 2011 \rightarrow World cup 2023

1, 1, 1, 2
 0, 1, 1, 2, 0

England

Points \rightarrow 2

$f(a, b, r, d, e) = a^2 + 3b^2 + \alpha d^2 + b e^4$

1 - terminable variable \rightarrow 1 time play

determinable variable → i have play
 ↳ T20 world cup
 ↳ (Pau vs Ind)



multiple variable

14 Feb
 25th Dec
 Marriage Season
 Puzh

$$f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^2 + x_2^2$$

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1^2 + 3x_1x_2 + 4x_3^2$$

$$y = x$$

gn @

Linear

Non-linear

2 is prime

Non-linear

$$y = f(x) = 2x + 3$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$

-2 is not a prime

$$y = \ln x$$

$$y = e^x$$

$$y = x^{10} + 9x^9 + 3x^7$$

Polynomial

90623-95123

Rule of Sign

Descartes's Rule of Sign

$$f(x) = y = +x^4 - 3x^3 + 8x^2 + 7x - 3$$

find the sign changes... 3 sign changes

+ - 3 +ve Real Root

$$y = f(-x) = x^4 + 3x^3 + 8x^2 - 7x - 3$$

1 sign change

1 -ve Real Root

$$y = +x^{10} - 9x^2 + 7x$$

2 +ve

$$y = +x^{10} - 9x^2 - 7x$$

1 -ve

7 imaginary

DOMAIN vs RANGE

$$y = 2x + 7$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 4$$

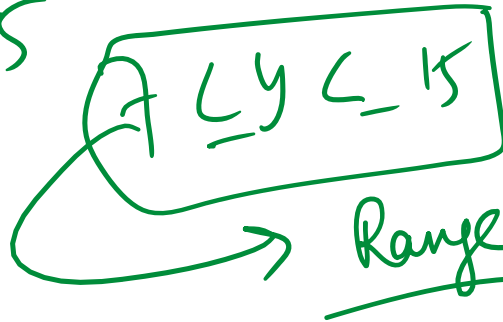
11 - 7

0 - 11

$$y(0) = 7$$

$$y(4) = 15$$

↓
Domain...



$$5x - 3$$

$$= \sqrt{5x - 3}$$

$$= \sqrt{5x - 3}$$

$$= \infty$$

$$y = \sqrt{5x - 3}$$

$$y = \sqrt{5 \cdot \frac{3}{5} - 3}$$

$$= \sqrt{0} = 0$$

$$(5x - 3) \geq 0$$

$$5x \geq 3$$

$$x \geq \frac{3}{5}$$

Domain

$\frac{3}{5}, \infty$

note on this

Range 0 to ∞



$$y = \frac{1}{(n-1)(n-2)}$$

Domain

$$(n-1)(n-2) \neq 0$$

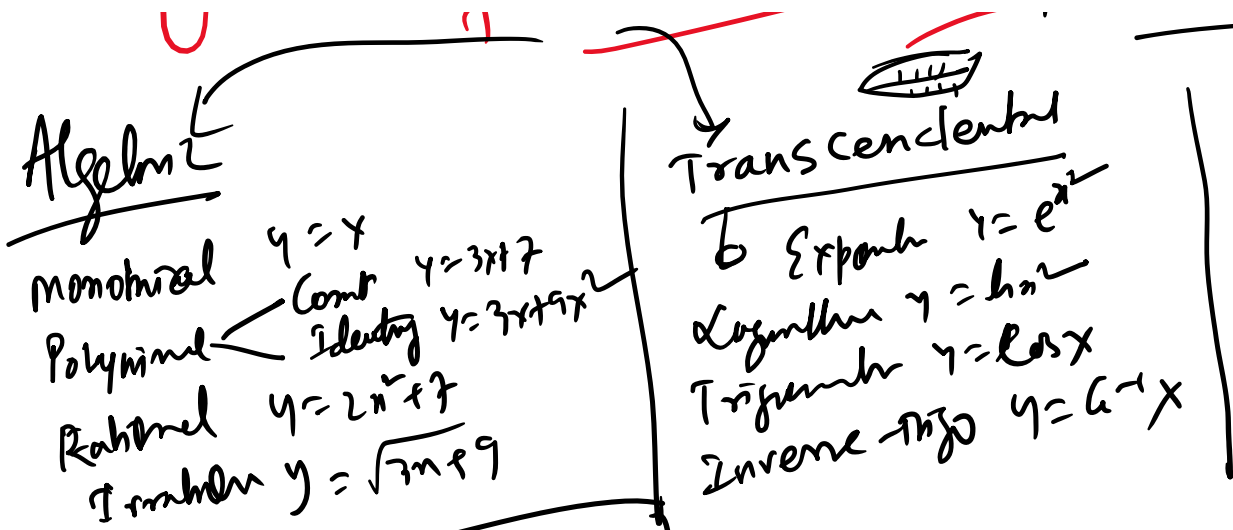
$$n \neq 1, n \neq 2$$

All real numbers
except 1, 2...

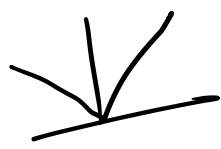
Family tree
of functions



$$y = \frac{2x^2 + 7x}{1}$$



Piece-wise



① modular $y = (x + 3)$

$x + 3 = 0$
 $x = -3$

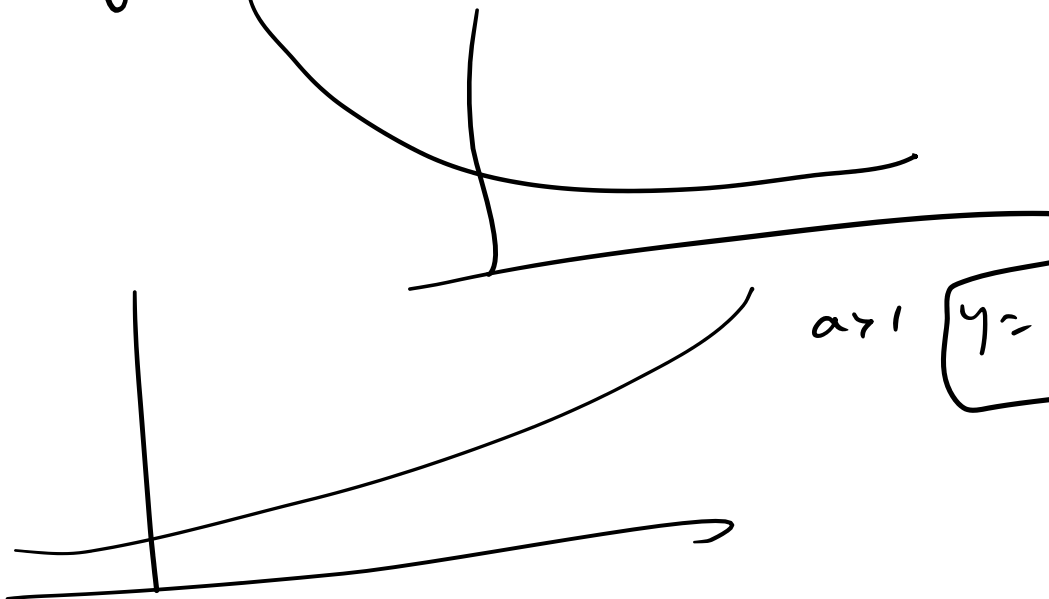
- ② signum $y = \text{sgn}(x)$
- ③ G.I.F $y = [x]$
- ④ F.P.F $y = \{x\}$
- ⑤ least integer function \dots

Most imp are the $x \neq \pi$

Piece wise functions

$$y = a^x$$

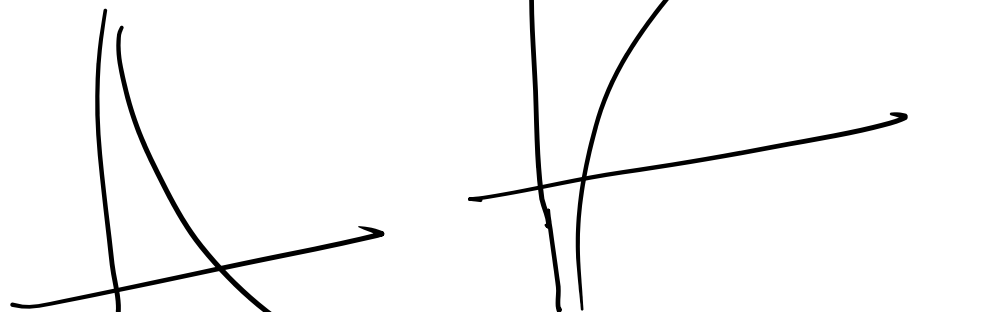
$$0 < a < 1$$



Logarithmic function

$$0 < a < 1$$

$$a > 1$$



Domain finding for a logarithmic function

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\log_{1/2}(x^2 - 7x + 13)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h &= 0 \\ k &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 - 7x + 13 > 0$$

$\mu = 1$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}} (x^2 - 7x + 13) > 0$$

$$x^2 - 7x + 13 > \frac{1}{2}$$

~~$$x^2 - 7x + 13 > 0$$~~

$$x^2 - 7x + 13 < 1$$

Reverse in x , $x > 0$

$$x^2 - 7x + 13 > 0$$

$$x^2 - 7x + \frac{49}{4} + 13 - \frac{49}{4} > 0$$

$$(x - 7/2)^2 + 3/4 > 0$$

$$(x - 7/2) > 0$$

$$x > 3.5$$

$$x^2 - 7x + 12 < 0$$

$$(x - 3)(x - 4) < 0$$

$$3 < x < 4$$

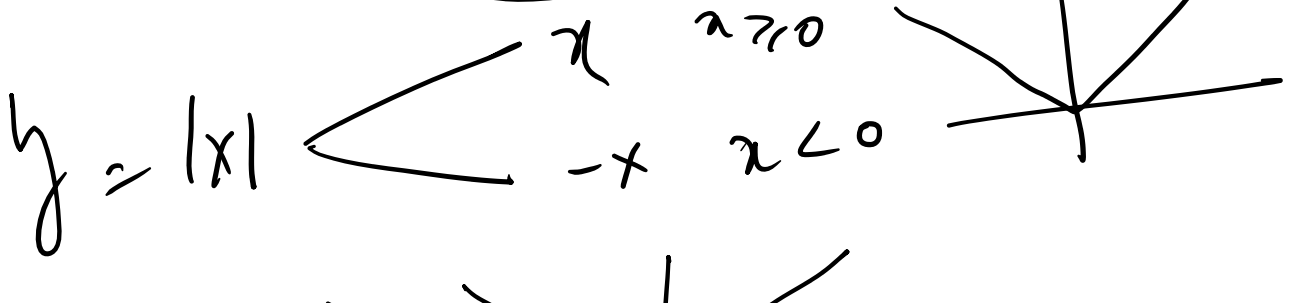
$$x > 3.5$$

$$3 < x < 4$$

Common Zone

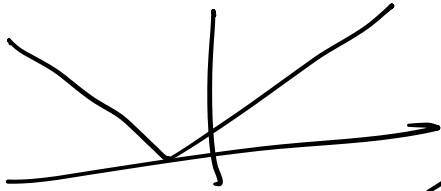
$$3.5 < x < 4$$

$$3.5 < x < 4$$



0

$$y = |x+3|$$



$$y = |x-3|$$



Some special notes

$$|x|^2 = x^2$$

$$|x|^{2n} = x^{2n}$$

$$||x|| = |-x| = |x|$$

$$|x| = \max\{-x, x\}$$

$$-|x| = \min\{-x, x\}$$

$$\star |x+y| \leq |x| + |y| \text{ for all } x, y$$

$$\star |x+y| = |x| + |y| \iff xy \geq 0$$

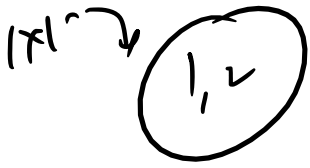
$$\star |x-y| = |x| + |y| \iff xy \leq 0$$

$$\star \dots \cap (|x|-2) \leq 0$$

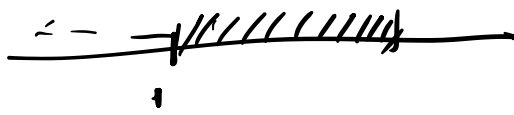
$$(x-1)(x-2) \leq 0$$

~~$x \leq 1$
 $x \geq 2$~~

Q $(|x|-1)(|x|-2) \leq 0$ $x \leq y$

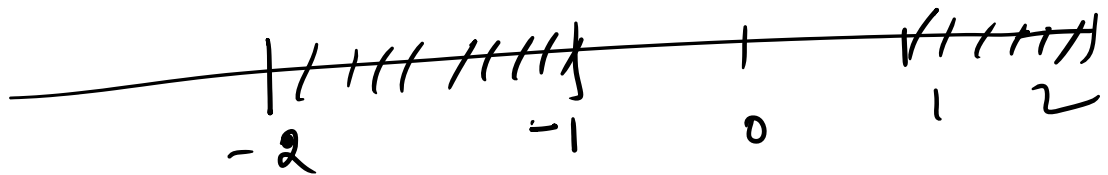


~~1, 2~~



$1 \leq |x| \leq 2$
 $x \in [-2, -1] \cup [1, 2]$

$x > 1$
 $-1 < x < 2$

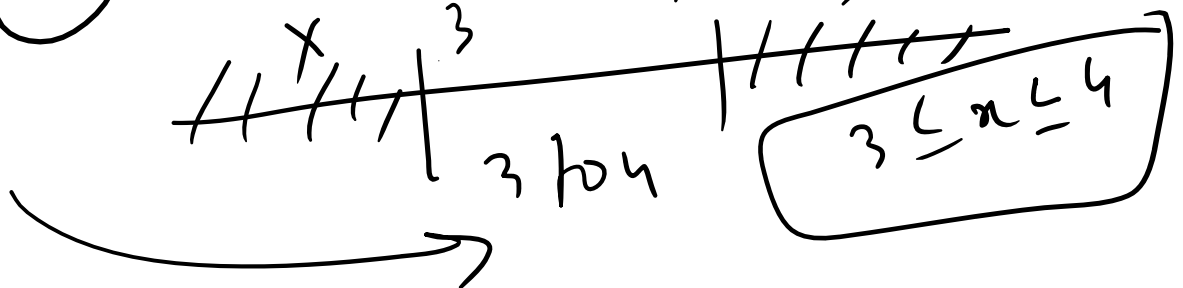


Q $|x-3| + |4-x| = 1$
 we know, $|x| + |y| = |x+y|$ if $xy \geq 0$

$(x-3)(4-x) \geq 0$

$x \geq 3$
 $x \leq 4$

or $-(x-3)(x-4) \geq 0$



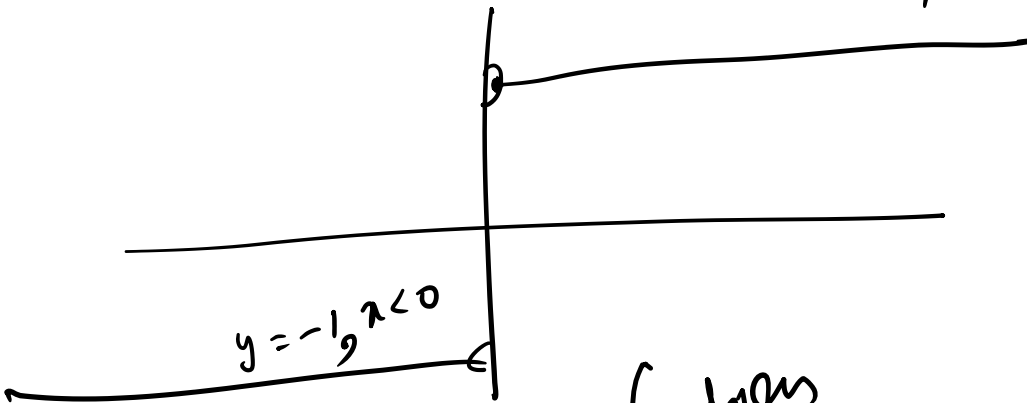
Signum function

Example 10p Remove

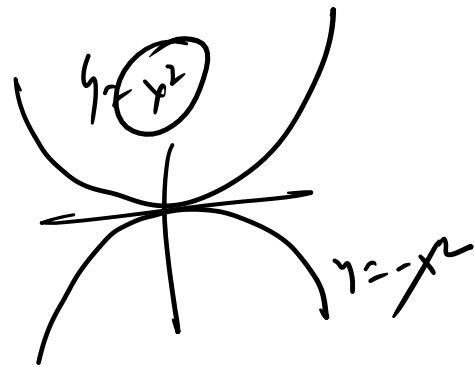


$$y = \text{Sgn} = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x} & \text{or } \frac{x}{|x|} & \forall x \neq 0 \\ 0 & \forall x = 0 \end{cases} \quad x \begin{matrix} < -1 \\ > +1 \end{matrix}$$

$y = 1, x > 0$



Underschiede Funktionen



$$y = \text{Sgn}(\underline{x^2 + 1}) = \begin{matrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + 1 &< 0 \\ x^2 + 1 &> 0 \\ x^2 + 1 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \text{Sgn}(\ln x)$$

1
-1

$$\begin{aligned} \ln x &> 0 \\ \ln x &< 0 \\ \ln x &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = 0 - \ln 3 < 0$$

QIF Funktion

-1
0

$$\lim_{e \rightarrow 0} h_{e^2} = 0$$

\emptyset

$$y = 1.99 \rightarrow \emptyset$$

$$y = 1.25 \rightarrow 1$$

$$y = 1.67 \rightarrow 1$$



Werte: Integerpart + fractional part

$$= (3) (25)$$

+

$$\pm 0.67$$

$$\pm 7.00$$

$$- (0.67)$$

$0 \leq x < 1$! $[x]$
0
?

$$\begin{array}{r}
 0 \leq n: \\
 \hline
 2 \leq n \leq 3 \\
 \hline
 -2 \leq n \leq -1 \\
 \hline
 -1 \leq n \leq 0
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{r}
 2 \\
 \hline
 -2 \\
 \hline
 \textcircled{-1}
 \end{array}$$