-1. The man whom I thought was thomughly honest prowel to be a swindier.
(II) The man whom thought was thoroughly honest proved a sitindler.
$x$ (2) the man who thought was thoroughly honest proved to be a swindler.
$\times$ (3) The man tox hom I thought was thoroughly honest proved to be a swindler,
(4) No Improvement
2. No sooner had the dividend been declared. the notices were sent out.
(1) The company had hardly declared the dividend till the notices were sent for mailing.
$x$ (2) They had no sooner declared the dividend then the notices were sent out.
(3) Hardly had the dividend been declared than the notices were sent out.
(4t) No improvement
(4) No Improvement $\Rightarrow$ in written format / printed format
4. I, in black and white must have your terms down.
( 1 ) I must have in black and white your terms down.
$X$ (2) I must have your terms in black and white down.
(3) I must have your terms down, in black and white.
(4) No Improvement
5. When we came cut of the restaurant it was half past eleven. (1) When we had come out of the restaurant
$\times$ (2) After we came out of the restaurant
$x$ (3) When we have come out of the restaurant
(4) No Improvement
6. What di Xevil lor seto achani? $\times$ (l) Eorwhat do som so to school? (2) What dovon go for to schood? (8) What doyouso 10 sclontion? $X$ (4) No Improvement
7. $x$ He pleased the directors and this completed his report in good time. $x^{(1)}$ He pleased the directors in good time and this completed his report.
(2) He completed his report in good time and this pleased the directors.
(3) He pleased the directors and completed his report and this in good time.
(4) No Improvement
8. The courtiers used to tell the King how efficient an administratoc he was all day long.
(1) The courtiers all day lonsused to tell the King how efficient an administrator he was.
$X$ (2) The courtiers dised all day long to tell the King how efficient an administrator he was.
(3) The courtiers used to tell the King all day long how efficient an administrator hewas. (4) No Improvement
9. Every Saturday I go out for shop-
an administrator hewas.
×(4) No Improvement
9. Every Saturday I go out for shopping.
(1) for shops. $X$
(2) to shopping $x$
(3) for shop $x$
(4) No Improvement
10. We had a grand party and we enjoyed very much.
(1) We had a grand party and enjoyed very much.
(2) We had a grand party to enjoy very much.
11. He hins for moor len lidia. $x$
(1) lie hins len for good India. $x$生讨 He has left India for good.
(3) Good he has Tell Ind la. $x$
$x(4)$ NoTmprövament
12. We are erednly informed that the murderer has given himself up.
(1) We are Informed that the murderer has credibly given himscliup $x$ -

(2) We are informed that the mus-
$X$ derer has given credibly firmsell up.
$x^{(3)}$ We are informed that crediby the murderer has given up himself.
(4) No Improvement
13. We generally select one of the most intelligent student of the school for this award. one of the most intelligent students of the school
(2) one of the intelligent most $y^{t u}$ dents of the $x$
(3) one of the intelligent most student of the school
(4) No Improvement
14. My friend lives in a nearby street whose name I have forgotten.
(I) the name of which
(2) which name
$X(3)$ of which name
(4) No Improvement
15. He both yon a medal and a schorlarship. $X$
$X_{(4)}$ No Improvement
14. My friend lives in a nearby street whose name I have forgotten.
(1) the name of which
$\Varangle(2)$ which name
$X(3)$ of which name
(4) No Improvement
15. He both yron a medal and a scholarship. $X$
(1) He won a medal and a scholarship both.
$X$ (2) Both he won a medal and a scholarship.
(3) He won both a medal and a scholarship.
44) No Improvement
17. An author in the reign of Queen Anne who was famous llvedina collage. $\bar{x}$
$x(1)$ An author in the relgn, who Wias famous, of Quecn Anne lived in a cottage
(2) In the relgn of Queen Anne, an author lived in a cotmige. $\langle$ whowis famous
(b) An author who was famous in the relgn of Queen Anne. Ilved in a cottage
$X$ (4) Nolmprovement
18. In the absence of your support. he would have lost the etectuon. (1) Lacking your support, he would have lost the election
(2) But for your support, he would have lost the election $x$ (3) He would have lost the election if you had not supported him.
-4) NoImprovement
19. My uncle is enough rich to buya car.
(1) My uncle is rich enough to buy a car
(2) My uncle is ficher enought to by a car
X(3) My uncle is emough richeryo buy a car
$\times$ (4) No Improvement
20. Walking along the road. an old man ran over the loriy. $X$
(1) Walking along the road an old man ran behind the lorty $X$
(2) Running along the road) the Tory ren over an of dran
21. With these extra people you can work easily with this job.
(1) deal $\times$
(2) improve
(3) cope
(4) No Improvement
22. I visited my aunt just before a week.
(1) a week before $? \times$ (2) a week earlier (3) a week ago
(4) No Improvement
23. Foreigners often come across with serious difficulties in studying English.
(1) have fo come across with
$\chi(2)$ come cos with
(it) come acosta
(4) No Improvement
24. He work hard will succeed. $X$
$x(1)$ who will work hard $x$
1 (2) who will be working hard
(3) who works hard
(4) No Improvement
25. They were all astonished at the team's dramatic success in the competition.
$x(1)$ were astonished at all
(2) had all astonished by
(3) had been all astonished on
(4) No Improvement
come across with
to provide or supply something when you need it.

Come across to meet / find
somebody / something by change; to face
Eg - I hoped the would come across with some nose information
26. Officials were asked to examine the likelihood of providing banking facilities in the area.
$x$ (1) probability ${ }^{x}$
(2) possibility
(8) profit
(4) No Improvement
27. The shortage of fuel has obstacled interstate transportaton. $\rightarrow$ hwrolled
(1) facilitated
(2) hampered - hindered
(3) burdened
(4) No Improvement
28. Being a rainy day, we had to cancel abandon the match.
(1) Having been a rainy day
(2) It being a rainy day
(3) It been a rainy day
$X(4)$ No Improvement
29. Rahul gave me an old scissor.
(1) an old scissors
(2) a pair of old scissors
(3) a pair of old scissor $\times$
(4) No Improvement
30. Government officials keep throwing the buck to others.
(1) giving
(2) passing
(3) donating
throwing the buck to others.
(I) giving $x$
(2) passing
$x$ (3) donating
(4) No Improvement

I
31. I prefer to ride than to yolk.
(1) riding to walking
(2) ride to walk
(.3) riding than walking
(4) No Improvement
32. A pair of shoer have been pur. chased by me. (1) has been
(2) has being
(3) would been
(4) No Improvement
33. When I shall co to Agra, I shall visit the Taj Mahal.
(1) have gone
(2) shall travel
(3) go
(4) No Improvement
34. You must apologise with him for this.
(4) to
(2) of
(3) for
(4) No Improvement 35. Since he worked hard he failed to secure good grades.
(1) As
(2) When
(3) Though
(4) No Improvement
36. The minister agreed will answer questions on television.
(1) to answer
(2) for answering

