

Simultaneous system of Differential Equations

Consider 2 economic variables y_1, y_2 , that are dependent.

$$\therefore \dot{y}_1 = f(y_1, y_2) \text{ and } \dot{y}_2 = f(y_1, y_2) \Rightarrow \text{Find } y_1(t) \text{ \& } y_2(t)$$

Linear system of diff eqns:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \dot{y}_1 &= a_{11} y_1 + a_{12} y_2 + b_1 \text{ ----- (i)} \\ \dot{y}_2 &= a_{21} y_1 + a_{22} y_2 + b_2 \text{ ----- (ii)} \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \text{Solve } y_1(t), y_2(t)$$

Matrix form:
$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{y}_1 \\ \dot{y}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\dot{y} = Ay + b} \rightarrow b: \text{Long run equilibrium values of } y_1, y_2$$

Finding complementary fn: ($b=0$)

$$\Rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} \dot{y}_1 &= a_{11} y_1 + a_{12} y_2 \\ \dot{y}_2 &= a_{21} y_1 + a_{22} y_2 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \text{Solve } y_1^c, y_2^c$$

Finding particular integral (Put: $\dot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_2 = 0$)

$$\Rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} 0 &= a_{11} y_1 + a_{12} y_2 + b_1 \\ 0 &= a_{21} y_1 + a_{22} y_2 + b_2 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \text{Solve } y_1^p, y_2^p$$

Complete soln:
$$\left. \begin{aligned} y_1(t) &= y_1^c + y_1^p \\ y_2(t) &= y_2^c + y_2^p \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \text{Time paths of } y_1 \text{ \& } y_2$$

Q. Find the time path of y_1, y_2 :
$$\left. \begin{aligned} \dot{y}_1 &= y_1 - 3y_2 - 5 \\ \dot{y}_2 &= \frac{1}{4}y_1 + 3y_2 - 5 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{----- (*)}$$

Given: $y_1(0) = 1, y_2(0) = 3$.

(I) Find complementary fn:
$$\left. \begin{aligned} \dot{y}_1 &= y_1 - 3y_2 \\ \dot{y}_2 &= \frac{1}{4}y_1 + 3y_2 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{----- (i)}$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{y}_1 = y_1 - 3y_2 \\ \dot{y}_2 = \frac{1}{4}y_1 + 3y_2 \end{cases} \quad (i)$$

$$\dot{y}_1 = y_1 - 3y_2$$

$$\text{Diff: } \ddot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_1 - 3\dot{y}_2 = \dot{y}_1 - 3(0.25y_1 + 3y_2)$$

$$\ddot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_1 - 0.75y_1 - 9y_2$$

$$\text{Eqn (i): } \dot{y}_1 = y_1 - 3y_2 \Rightarrow 3y_2 = y_1 - \dot{y}_1 \Rightarrow$$

$$y_2^c = \frac{y_1^c - \dot{y}_1^c}{3}$$

$$\boxed{\dot{y}_2 = \frac{y_1 - \dot{y}_1}{3}}$$

$$\ddot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_1 - 0.75y_1 - 9\left(\frac{y_1 - \dot{y}_1}{3}\right)$$

$$\ddot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_1 - 0.75y_1 - 3y_1 + 3\dot{y}_1$$

$$\ddot{y}_1 = 4\dot{y}_1 - 3.75y_1 \Rightarrow \boxed{\ddot{y}_1 - 4\dot{y}_1 + 3.75y_1 = 0}$$

Hom eqn of order 2 in y_1

$$A \text{ e } \mu t \text{ be trial } \Rightarrow \mu^2 - 4\mu + 3.75 = 0$$

$$\mu = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4(3.75)}}{2} = \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2}$$

$$y_1^c = A_1 e^{5/2 t} + A_2 e^{3/2 t}$$

$$\text{Now: } \dot{y}_2 = \frac{1}{4}y_1 + 3y_2 \rightarrow \dot{y}_2 - 3y_2 = \frac{1}{4}y_1$$

$$\text{Diff: } \ddot{y}_2 = \frac{1}{4}\dot{y}_1 + 3\dot{y}_2 \Rightarrow y_1 = 4(\dot{y}_2 - 3y_2)$$

$$\dot{y}_2 = \frac{1}{4}(y_1 - 3y_2) + 3\dot{y}_2$$

$$\dot{y}_2 = \frac{1}{4}y_1 - \frac{3}{4}y_2 + 3\dot{y}_2$$

$$\dot{y}_2 = \frac{1}{4}(\dot{y}_2 - 3y_2) - \frac{3}{4}y_2 + 3\dot{y}_2$$

$$\dot{y}_2 = \dot{y}_2 - 3y_2 - \frac{3}{4}y_2 + 3\dot{y}_2 = 4\dot{y}_2 - \frac{15}{4}y_2$$

$$\boxed{\ddot{y}_2 - 4\dot{y}_2 + \frac{15}{4}y_2 = 0} \rightarrow \text{Diff eqn in } y_2$$

$$y_2^c = -\frac{1}{2}A_1 e^{5/2 t} + \frac{1}{6}A_2 e^{3/2 t}$$

For particular integral: $\dot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_2 = 0$.

$$\left. \begin{aligned} y_1 - 3y_2 - 5 &= 0 \\ \frac{1}{4}y_1 + 3y_2 - 5 &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow y_1^P = 8, \quad y_2^P = 1.$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} y_1(t) &= A_1 e^{5/2t} + A_2 e^{3/2t} + 8 \\ y_2(t) &= -\frac{1}{2}A_1 e^{5/2t} + \frac{1}{6}A_2 e^{3/2t} + 1 \end{aligned} \right\} y_1(0) = 1, \quad y_2(0) = 3.$$

$$t=0: \left. \begin{aligned} y_1(0) &= A_1 + A_2 + 8 \Rightarrow 1 = A_1 + A_2 + 8 \\ y_2(0) &= -\frac{1}{2}A_1 + \frac{1}{6}A_2 + 1 \Rightarrow 3 = -\frac{1}{2}A_1 + \frac{1}{6}A_2 + 1 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \text{Solve } A_1, A_2.$$

Q. $\left(\mu_1, \mu_2 = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right) = h \pm vi : h = -\frac{1}{2}, v = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned} y_1^c &= e^{ht} [A_3 \sin vt + A_4 \cos vt] \\ &= e^{-1/2t} \left[\underbrace{A_3}_{(A_1 - A_2)i} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) + \underbrace{A_4}_{(A_1 + A_2)} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} A_1 &= p + qi \\ A_2 &= p - qi \\ A_1 - A_2 &= 2qi \\ (A_1 - A_2)i &= -2q \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Direct Method: $\dot{y} = Ay + b$

Q. Given: $y = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$ $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 \\ 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ & system: $\dot{y} = Ay$.

Find time path of y_1 & y_2 .

$$y = k e^{\mu t}$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\dot{y} = Ay \dots (i)$$

$$\text{From (i): } \mu k e^{\mu t} = A k e^{\mu t} \Rightarrow \mu e^{\mu t} = A e^{\mu t}$$

$$\Rightarrow [A - \mu I]k = 0$$

$$\text{Eigen-value: } |A - \mu I| = 0 = \begin{vmatrix} 2 - \mu & -5 \\ 2 & -4 - \mu \end{vmatrix} = 0.$$

$$r = -1 \pm \sqrt{17}i$$

$$\Rightarrow -(2-\kappa)(4+\kappa)+10=0$$

$$\Rightarrow (2-\kappa)(4+\kappa)=-10$$

$$\Rightarrow 8+2\kappa-4\kappa-\kappa^2=-10$$

$$\Rightarrow 8-2\kappa-\kappa^2=-10$$