

Question 1: If y is a real number, what is the difference in the maximum and minimum values obtained by $\frac{y+5}{y^2+5y+25}$?

$$\frac{1}{5} - \left(-\frac{1}{15}\right) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{15} = \frac{4}{15}$$

a) 2/15

b) 4/15

c) 1/5

d) 1/15

$y = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \rightarrow$ rational function.

$y+5 \rightarrow$ linear.

$y^2+5y+25 \rightarrow$ quadratic \rightarrow dominant.

$$z = \frac{y+5}{y^2+5y+25}$$

$$zy^2 + 5zy + 25z = y + 5$$

$$zy^2 + (5z-1)y + (25z-5) = 0 \text{ quadratic in } y.$$

y is real \Rightarrow roots are real $\Rightarrow D \geq 0$

$$(5z-1)^2 - 4z(25z-5) \geq 0$$

$$25z^2 - 10z + 1 - 100z^2 + 20z \geq 0$$

$$-75z^2 + 10z + 1 \geq 0$$

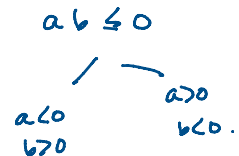
$$75z^2 - 10z - 1 \leq 0$$

$$75z^2 - 15z + 5z - 1 \leq 0$$

$$15z(5z-1) + 1(5z-1) \leq 0$$

$$(5z-1)(15z+1) \leq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} z \leq \frac{1}{5} & \quad / \quad z \geq \frac{1}{5} \\ \& \quad z \geq -\frac{1}{15} & \quad \& \quad z \leq -\frac{1}{15} \end{aligned}$$



min. $\left(-\frac{1}{15}\right) \leq z \leq \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$ max.

find the maxima and minima of $5\cos x + 12\sin x + 4$

$$-\sqrt{a^2+b^2} \leq a\sin x + b\cos x \leq \sqrt{a^2+b^2}$$

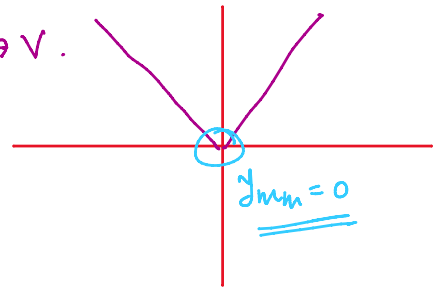
$$4 + (-13) \leq 5\cos x + 12\sin x + 4 \leq 13 + 4$$

$$-9 \leq \dots \leq 17$$

Question 2: What is the maximum value of $g(x) = 22 - |x+8|$ and for what value of x is this reached?

$g(x) = 22 - |x+8|$
 $x+8=0 \Rightarrow x=-8$
 $\text{min} = 0$
 $y = a - x$
 $x+y = a$
 $y_{\text{max}} \rightarrow x_{\text{min}}$

$y = |x| \rightarrow V$
 $y = x, x \geq 0$
 $y = -x, x < 0$



Question 3: If $2 \leq x \leq 3$ and $4 \leq y \leq 5$, what are the minimum and maximum values of $\frac{y+x}{y+2x}$

a) $9/10, 7/8$

b) $10/11, 8/9$

c) $7/10, 7/9$

d) None of these

$\text{min} = \frac{4+3}{4+6} = \frac{7}{10}$
 $\frac{y+x}{y+2x} = \frac{\frac{y}{x} + 1}{\frac{y}{x} + 2}$

$\frac{a}{b} \uparrow \text{max} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)_{\text{max}}$
 $\frac{a}{b} \downarrow \text{min}$

$\text{max} = \frac{5+2}{5+4} = \frac{7}{9} = \frac{\left(\frac{y}{x} + 1\right)}{\left(\frac{y}{x} + 1\right) + 1} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{y}{x} + 1\right)}}$

$\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)_{\text{max}} \rightarrow \frac{y_{\text{max}}}{x_{\text{min}}} = \frac{5}{2}$

$\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)_{\text{max}} \rightarrow \left(\frac{y}{x} + 1\right)_{\text{max}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\frac{y}{x} + 1} \rightarrow \text{min}$

$1 + \frac{1}{\frac{y}{x} + 1} \rightarrow \text{min} \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{y}{x} + 1\right)}} \rightarrow \text{max}$

Question 4: If $x^2 - 5x + 4 \leq 0$ and $y^2 - 6y + 5 \leq 0$, what are the maximum and minimum values of $\frac{y+7x}{y+4x}$

a) $29/17, 12/9$

b) $23/13, 11/8$

c) $25/11, 14/11$

d) None of these

$(x-4)(x-1) \leq 0 \Rightarrow 1 \leq x \leq 4$
 $(y-5)(y-1) \leq 0 \Rightarrow 1 \leq y \leq 5$

$\frac{y+7x}{y+4x} = \frac{y+4x+3x}{y+4x} = 1 + \frac{3x}{y+4x} = 1 + \frac{3}{\left(\frac{y}{x} + 4\right)}$

$\frac{y_{\text{max}}}{x_{\text{min}}} \leftarrow \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)_{\text{max}} \rightarrow \left(\frac{y+7x}{y+4x}\right)_{\text{min}}$

Question 5: If X and Y are positive real numbers and $3X+4Y = 14$, what is the maximum value of $X^3 * Y^4$?

- a) 64
- b) 128
- c) 2187
- d) None of these

AM \geq GM.

$$\frac{x+x+x+y+y+y+y}{7} \geq (x^3y^4)^{1/7}$$

$$\frac{14}{7} \geq (x^3y^4)^{1/7}$$

$$2 \geq (x^3y^4)^{1/7}$$

$$2^7 \geq x^3y^4$$

$x+y = 10$ find $(xy)_{max}$

$$\frac{x+y}{2} \geq \sqrt{xy}$$

$$\frac{10}{2} \geq \sqrt{xy}$$

$$25 \geq xy$$

$a+b+c+d = 30$, a, b, c, d are natural numbers.

find the minimum value of $(a-b)^2 + (a-c)^2 + (a-d)^2$

$$[(a-b)^2]_{min} = ?$$

$$a=b$$

$$a=b=c=d = \frac{30}{4} = 7.5$$

7, 7, 8, 8

$$a=7 \quad c=8$$

$$b=7 \quad d=8$$

$$0 + 1 + 1 = 2$$